## MT-A141 Precalculus

Group:

Present:

1. There's no easy way to solve the equation  $\sqrt{x} = 2 \ln x$  algebraically. Let's solve the equation graphically two ways.

First graph  $Y_1 = \sqrt{x}$  and  $Y_2 = 2\ln(x)$ .

Find a viewing rectangle which shows all intersections of  $Y_1$  and  $Y_2$ .

Viewing window:  $[\_\_,\_] \times [\_\_,\_]$ 

Now approximate the *x*-coordinates of all intersection points accurate to three decimal places.

*x* ≈ \_\_\_\_\_

Next, find a function f(x) whose zeros will be the same as the solutions of the equation  $\sqrt{x} = 2 \ln x$ .

f(x) =\_\_\_\_\_

Graph  $Y_3 = f(x)$ , and find the location of all zeros of  $Y_3$ , accurate to three decimal places.

 $x \approx$  \_\_\_\_\_

Explain what you found: